# NEWPORT MERCURY.

Printed and published by *ROUSMANIERE & BARBER*, opposite the Brick-Market.

[*Price* $2 *per Annum.*—$1 *in Advance.*] S A T U R D A Y, MARCH 2, 1811. [VOL. L.—NO. 2551.]


## Books & Stationary.

ROUSMANIERE & BARBER,

*Have just received and for Sale at their Book and Stationary Store, No 1 & 2 Long-Wharf.*

THREE Cases of English and American STATIONARY.—The Stationary is of the best quality, and warranted to be as cheap as can be bought either in New-York or Boston, and consists of almost every article generally called for, and at a great variety of prices.—Among which are a few reams of best gilt edged, plain, wove, vellum laid, and hot press'd English LETTER-PAPER, and a few reams elegant embossed note Paper, of a great variety of colours, and a few reams of elegant gilt edged Billet Paper.—Red and black Wafers, and Sealing Wax of a superior quality.—Very superior black and red Pencils.—Best Windsor Soap.—Real Dutch and English Quills, from $4 to 50 Cents per hundred.—A few groce of genuine Walkden's black Ink Powder.—More than Twenty different kinds of Visiting CARDS, some of which are very elegant, &c. &c.

BIBLES, a very large Assortment, and of almost every size and price.

They have just received very considerable additions to their former stock of BOOKS, which makes their collection valuable and scientific, and comprises several Thousand Volumes of Books of the most approved Authors, in every branch of literature, and is now by far the largest and best collection ever before offered for Sale in this State, a Catalogue of which may be had, gratis, at their Classical Book and Stationary Store, No. 1 & 2 Long-Wharf, where Country Store-keepers, social and private Libraries, are supplied on as good terms as can be procured at any Book-Store in America.—They have always for Sale, every new publication of merit as soon as from the press, and at the publisher's prices.

*Among the BOOKS lately received, are the following :—*

WALLACE, or the Fight of Falkirk, a metrical Romance, by Miss Holford, 1 vol.

The Saracen, or Matilda and Malek Adhel, a crusade Romance, from the French of Madame Cottin, 2 vols.

A Variety of Suttaby's and Walker's elegant miniature editions, including Dryden's Virgil, Pope's Works, Telemachus, Zimmerman on Solitude, Ovid's Metamorphoses, Homer's Illiad and Odyssey, Shenstone's Works, Belisarius, a tale by Marmontel, Vicar of Wakefield, Francis's Horace, Milton's Works, Roderick Random, Junius's Letters, Spectator, Sterne's Works, Rowe's Lucan, Goldsmith's Works, Johnson's Rasselas, Mrs. Chapone's Letters, Gregory's Legacy, Mrs. Pilkington's Poems, M'Neil's Poems, Somerville's Works, and Churchill's Poetical Works.

An elegant edition of Walter Scott's Works, consisting of Lay of the last Minstrel, Marmion, and Lady of the Lake, with an elegant portrait of Mr. Scott, in 3 vols.

The Poetical Works of Thomas Campbell, including several Poems from the original manuscript, never before published in this country.—To which is added, a biographical sketch of the author, in 2 vols.

Buck's Theological Dictionary, 2 vols.

The letters of Mrs. Elizabeth Montague, in 1 vol.

*A L S O,*

*The best London editions of the following WORKS, among many others, in superb bindings, and many of them embelished with elegant plates :—*

Hume and Smollet's History of England, in 16 vols.—Fitzosborne's Letters, by Melmoth.—Glover's Leonidas, 2 vols.—Glover's Atheniad, being a sequel to Leonidas, 3 vols.—Thompson's Seasons.—Dictionary of Polite Literature, 2 vols.—Milton's Works, 4 vols.—Hoole's Tasso and Ariosto, 8 vols.—Locke's Works, 10 vols.—Burke's Works, 8 vols.—Thompson's Works, 3 vols.—Hampton's Polybius, 4 vols.—Chatterton's Works, 3 vols.—Pausanius's Greece, 3 vols.—Pliny's Letters, 2 vols.—Cicero's Letters, 3 vols.—Bisset's Life of Burke, 2 vols.—Baker's Livy, 5 vols.—Leland's translation of Demosthenes' Orations, 2 vols.—Beloe's Herodotus, 6 vols.—Gillie's translation of Aristotle's ethics and politics, 3 vols.—Potter's Antiquities of Greece, 2 vols.—Smith's Thucydides, 2 vols.—Goldsmith's Works, 4 vols.—Thornton's Plautus, 5 vols.—Johnson's Works, 12 vols.

*February 2[illegible], 1811.*

## Robert Robinson,

*Has for Sale, now Landing from the Ship Ocean,*

SWEDES IRON, from 3 to 1 1-2 inches, flat bars, and from 1 1-4 to 3-4 inches, square bars, of different dimensions.

*He has also for Sale,*

1300 bushels Cadiz SALT.

Newport, Feb. 16.

### SWEDES IRON.

TWO Hundred and Forty Tons of Swedes IRON assorted, now landing from the Ship Ocean, for Sale by RHODES & CAHOONE.

*Newport, Feb. 16.*

### NEWPORT INSURANCE OFFICE

*February 8th, 1811.*

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Dividend is declared, and will be paid on and after the 11th inst. to the Stockholders or their legal representatives.

JOHN EARL, jun. } *Acting*
JOHN L. BOSS, jun. } *Directors.*

### WRITING SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber proposes opening a *SCHOOL* on the 20th of March next exclusive for YOUNG LADIES, provided a number sufficient to render it an object can be obtained. A Subscription for the purpose is now open at No 59 Spring-street, and at the School-House, No 7 School-street.—Although the principal object will be to render those who attend, adepts in the elegant Art of Writing, yet to those who wish it will be taught the common branches of Arithmetic.

JOHN RODMAN.

N. B Hours of attendance from 5 P. M till sun-set

*Newport Feb 13*

### New Rope Store.

## Wm & John Tilley,

INFORMS their old customers and the public in general that they have opened a Rope store in Thames street, No. 86 corner of Mr Robert Stevens' wharf where they intend keeping constantly on hand, Cordage and Boltrope of all dimensions, spun yarn worming white rope, suitable for halters and traces, houselin, marline, bed cords hand lines, latchet lines, clothes lines and log lines. They likewise intend in the spring to furnish their store with small fishing lines of every description. They will furnish Cables and all other cordage at the shortest notice, and warrant it to be of an equal quality to any manufactured in the United States.—From the conveniency of their store being so contiguous to the wharves and shipping, they hope to meet with the encouragement of a generous public.

*Newport Feb 15*

### FOR SALE, or TO LET,

*And possession given the 2d of April next.*

THE DWELLING HOUSE, &c situated in Newport now in the occupation of Messrs *John & Silas Gardner* and next door north of the store of Mr P O Richmond's.—Connected with the establishment, are a Bake house, and a store suitable for the dry goods or grocery business.—For terms, apply to

GOLD S SILLIMAN.

*Newport Feb 14*

### NOTICE.

ALL Persons who are indebted to the estate of *Benedict Smith*, late of Newport deceased, are hereby notified that unless they make payment to the subscriber by the first of April next she shall be under the necessity however painful, of placing their accounts in the hands of an Attorney for settlement.

MARY SMITH *Adm'x*

*Newport Feb 15*

### *FOR SALE,*

*And possession given the 25th of March next.*

A FARM pleasantly situated in Little Compton, about two miles from the Meeting House on the common, and within half a mile of a grist mill containing 90 Acres of land well proportioned for meadow, pasture, tillage and wood land.—Said Farm is well walled and watered and has on it a large Dwelling House, stable and corn house, with a good orchard and a well of water.—The above Farm can be had for less than Two Thousand Dollars, and if not disposed of previous to the 20th of March next, it will on that day be sold at Public Auction on the premises, at One o'clock P. M.—For further particulars, apply to JOHN BAILEY, at Troy, or to GODFREY PIERCE, living near the premises.

*Also, For Sale,*

A FARM [illegible] the great road leading from Seconet Point, (Little Compton) to Tiverton and Fall River pleasantly situated about one mile and a half from the meeting house common in Little Compton.—[illegible] Farm has on it a good Dwelling House, barn, [illegible] and other buildings and a good orchard and is well walled, and watered by three living springs.—The above Farm is considered by [illegible] there [illegible] is very [illegible] manure [illegible]. For further particulars apply to JOHN BAILEY at [illegible] or to PETER BURGESS, living near said Farm.

*Little Compton, Feb 9.*

## Writing Paper.

ROUSMANIERE & BARBER,

*Have just received,*

EIGHTY Reams Burbank's WRITING PAPER, Foolscap No. 1, of a quality superior to any ever before made by him.—Also, 40 Reams Burbank's Pot No. 1, and 30 Reams Letter-Paper, of a very excellent quality.—They have also just received, a quantity of Brandywine Letter, Demy, Medium and Royal Paper.—The above will be sold at prices warranted to be as low as at any store in New-England.

*Also for sale as above,*

A Quantity of WRAPPING PAPER, of a very superior quality.

## Account Books.

ROUSMANIERE & BARBER,

*HAVE CONSTANTLY FOR SALE, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF*

ACCOUNT BOOKS made of the best Materials, which will be sold as cheap as at any Book-Store, or Manufactory, in New-England.

☞ ACCOUNT-BOOKS of any size, ruled to any pattern, furnished at the shortest notice, either with feint lines, steel-backs, parchment bands, or common binding.

*Also, just received as above,*

A New Plan of Writing COPIES, with accompanying explanations and remarks, written, designed, and systematically arranged, by A. WRIFFORD.

*February 9, 1811.*

### SAMUEL L. GREENE,

*Has for Sale at his shop opposite Mr Townsend's Coffee House.*

A QUANTITY of fresh LEMONS and Cocoa Nuts. He keeps constantly for sale a good assortment of *Groceries*, and will give cash for copper brass, pewter, lead old iron junk cotton and linen rags; he has for sale a quantity of Oakum.

*Newport, Feb 14*

WE the Subscribers being appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of MOSES BARLOW, late of Newport, mariner, deceased, represented insolvent give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of said estate to bring in and prove their respective claims and that we will attend at our respective dwellings within said term, for that purpose.

JOHN MEIN, } *Com'rs*
JOHN EARL, jun }

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

SARAH BARLOW, *Adm'x* or to STEPHEN T. NORTHAM, *her Attorney.*

*Newport Feb 6.*

### *FOR SALE,*

A FARM lying in South Kingstown, about two miles west from Tower-Hill, containing 100 Acres of excellent meadow and tillage land.—The said Farm is well watered, has on it a convenient two-story Dwelling House, an Orchard of good fruit trees, and the walls and fences are in good repair.—The terms will be made easy to the purchaser, and it is believed that no better bargain can be had in the county of Washington. Possession will be given on the 25th day of March next

TIMOTHY PECKHAM.

*South Kingstown, Jan 24.*

### FOR SALE,

FORTY Puncheons high 4th proof Jamaica RUM, of a good flavour. Apply to JOHN COOK or JOHN COOK jun or JOSEPH BRIGGS, in Newport

N. B. JOHN COOK jun wishes to purchase Twenty good Shipping Horses, to be delivered immediately.

*Tiverton Dec. 28*

### SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

To be sold at Public Auction,

*On MONDAY March 4 1811.*

A FARM situated in Westerly containing about 16[illegible] acres, which William Babcock died possessed of, and which he in his last will and testament ordered sold by his Executor.—Said Farm is pleasantly situated on Pawcatuck River, and is a valuable stand for a wharf and store. There is a great proportion of valuable wood and timber, bordering on Pawcatuck River, and very convenient for water conveyance; it is surveyed into lots, and will be sold in lots to accommodate purchasers. Those who may wish to purchase will do well to examine the several lots previous to the day of sale. A liberal credit will be offered on approved security. Sale to commence on the premises at 2 o'clock P. M.

ROWSE BABCOCK, *Executor.*

*Westerly, Dec. 1, 1810.*

## William Engs & Son

*No. 170, Thames-street.*

HAVE just received a large additional supply of IRONMONGERY, HARDWARE and CUTLERY, and now offer for sale an assortment unusually extensive.—They have on hand as usual, a complete Assortment of Nails, Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, Steel of various kinds, cast Iron Stoves, Shovels and Spades, &c. &c.—Likewise an assortment of Swedes' Iron.

Newport, Oct. 1.

### INSURANCE SHARES.

FOR SALE, Six Shares in the *Newport Insurance Company.*—Apply to GEORGE MILES.

*February 22, 1811.*

## Cranston & Shaw,

*OFFER AT PRIVATE SALE,*

TEN Hogsheads 4th proof Jamaica Rum.
5 do. 3d do. St. Croix Do
10 Pipes Gin.
100 Barrels superfine New York Flour.
100 do do Wilmington Do.
50 Bags old Batavia Coffee.
40 do. West India Do.
10 Chests Souchong Tea.
10 Kegs Tobacco
20 Barrels Prime Beef.
20 quarter casks Malaga Wine.

*Newport, Jan. 12.*

### NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been duly appointed sole Executor of the last Will and Testament of GEORGE CHAMPLIN, of Newport, Merchant, deceased and having given bonds according to law for the faithful discharge of the trust thereby committed to him, requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of the testator, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against it, to exhibit them to him

CHRISTOPHER G CHAMPLIN, *Ex'r*

*Newport Rhode-Island Dec 15 1809.*

### LIVERPOOL SALT, &c.

6000 Bushels Liverpool SALT, Russia and Raven's DUCK.

*For Sale by* C. COOK.

Newport Nov. 9

### TWO FARMS

IN WILLINGTON (Connecticut) one containing 130, and the other 164 acres of Land are to be Let by the Subscriber.—Who proposes to open a MORNING SCHOOL for the instruction of Young Ladies on the 1st of April next.

J. FRASER,

*Newport, Feb 8.*

### To be sold at Public Auction.

*On WEDNESDAY March 20. 1811 at XI o'clock A M on the premises, if not previously disposed of at private sale*

ONE HALF of the Dwelling House and Lot of Land in Washington-Street next north of Mr. Thomas Goddard's.—For further particulars, apply to

JAMES AUSTIN.

*Newport, Feb 8.*

### Removal.

## Mrs. Sands,

HAS removed from her old stand to the Store of Capt *Edward Easton's*, next door north of *Mr* Martin Fearing, where she continues her *Millinary* business as usual. She returns her thanks to her former customers, and solicits a continuance of their favours.

*Newport, Ja 4*

### WORTHY of ATTENTION!

## WILLIAM MULLANS,

*Respectfully informs the citizens of Newport and its vicinity.*

THAT he understands the burning of Lime and Bricks, and as there is limestone and clay on this Island, sufficient for the purpose he will undertake to build a kiln, and burn lime and bricks with the small coals from the Rhode-Island coal pits.—To any person wishing to be concerned in an undertaking of this kind which cannot fail of being profitable, he will give every necessary information.

The Subscriber having been regularly bred a stone and brick layer will alter any chimney that does not carry smoke, so as to completely remedy the complaint.—He also sets Stills in the best manner, so that they will not use more than one half of the fuel now consumed; and will build Ovens in a like economical manner.—He will undertake the setting of grates for burning coal, in the best manner.—He understands plaistering and cornishing with Plaister of Paris and composition, on brick or wood.—He also draws plans of Houses, which will prove a saving of at least 1000 dollars out of 6000. For further information, apply to

WILLIAM MULLANS.

*No. 225, Thames-Street.*

*Newport, Feb. 22.*

## S. & E. Martin,

No. 51, Long-Wharf.

*HAVE FOR SALE.*

ELEVEN Tons ENGLISH IRON flat, round and square bars.
6 Do Swede's Ditto, flat and square.
5 Do Russia Ditto, old Sable, suitable for cart and waggon tire.
2 Do spike Rods
100 Crates best Staffordshire and Liverpool Earthen Ware.
30 complete Dining Sets, blue and white hermit printed, willow and tree patterns extra quality, direct from the potteries in Staffordshire.
6 Hogsheads best China, containing Tea and Coffee setts, compleat
6 Boxes gilt China, same
2000 wt. English dry White Lead.
20 Kegs Ditto, ground in Oil.
354 Bales prime New-Orleans Cotton.
560 Boxes best brown Havanna Sugars, entitle to debenture
7 Casks London Porter.

*Newport. July 7. 1810*

## Lopez & Fairman,

*HAVE JUST RECEIVED*

*By the ships Kingston & Jane direct from London.*

AND are now opening an extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the season, comprising Broadcloths Kerseymeres, Coatings, Baizes, mill'd Baizes, Flannels, pelise Flannels, Vestings, Bombazetts Wildbores, worsted Hosiery, Rattinetts, Gloves, Stockingnet Cambrics, Linen and cotton Jaconet ditto, Diapers, Princes Cords, Table cloth, Table covering, checks, Canton Flannels, Dimity Ginghams, Handkerchiefs, Calicoes &c with many articles not enumerated, which will be sold very low for Cash

*Newport Nov. 16*

## Daniel Sheldon,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has on hand, a quantity of excellent Cedar Clapboards, Cedar Shingles Pine Shingles, Boards, Plank, Joist, &c &c. which he will sell cheap, at his old stand, on Sherburne's Wharf

*Newport, Dec 8, 1809.*

## Solomon & John F. Townsend.

*Have just received at their Stores No. 157 and No 137 Thames Street sign of the Eagle.*

A HANDSOME Supply of Fall and Winter GOODS which they will sell as low as can be bought in Newport, among which is a general Assortment of superfine Broadcloths and Cassimeres, of the most fashionable colours waistcoatings ladies and gentlemen's black and white English silk hose, cotton and worsted hosiery, shirting cottons, cotton cambricks, black silk, florentine, flannels, bombazetts, wildbores, large cotton shawls, cotton laces, pelise flannells, 11 4 rose blankets, fur trimmings silk sleeves, black crapes, ginghams, &c &c

*Also.* Muffs and Tippets, some of which are uncommonly elegant.

*Newport Oct. 5 1810.*

## Carpeting.

JUST RECEIVED AT

## P. O Richmond's

*Cash Store No 153, Thames Street.*

A LARGE and elegant Assortment of Scotch and English *DOUBLE CARPETING* which having been bought for cash in Boston, can be sold from 5s to 6s the yard, equal in quality and pattern, to any of the kind imported.

*A L S O,*

A large Assortment of seasonable Fancy and staple Goods, which will be sold equally cheap for Cash

Newport, Jan 19.

## Godfrey Wenwood,

*HAS FOR SALE*

*On the most reasonable Terms.*

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour of the first quality; Molasses by the gallon; coarse and blown Salt by the bushel; Ginger and Pearl Ash by retail.—Also Mystic Tyle by the dozen and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred

Hops by the pound; Malt by the bushel or smaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the bushel; Coal by the bushel *Also*, A quantity of Bricks and Tile, made of Pipe Clay, suitable for Ovens

### TO LET,

*And immediate possession given.*

THE STORE lately occupied by the Subscriber, No 107 Thames-street, with half the House above or separate, as may suit the hirer.—For terms, apply to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

*Oct 3 1810*

## William White.

*Has for sale wholesale and retail No 11 Long Wharf*

FOUR Hogsheads 4th proof Jamaica Rum; 4 do St Croix ditto; 2 pipes French brandy; 4 Hogsheads Molasses; 200 boxes English Herring; an assortment of hollow ware and Nails; Lumber; Pine Boards; 57 M Pine Shingles; 100 do Cedar ditto; 12 tubs Steel; 20 barrels Pork.

*Newport, Jan. 10.*

FROM WALSH'S AMERICAN REVIEW.

## MEMOIRE SUR LES ATHENIENS.

WE have received the last Annual Report, of the second class of the Institute of France, containing an analysis of the labours of the year. We find nothing in it, which could amuse or instruct our readers, but the following account of a curious memoir, presented by Mr. Levesque, on the manners and usages of the Athenians.

"It is not" says the reporter, Mr. Ginguene, "merely a single event of the history of Athens, or any particular usage of the Athenians, that Mr. Levesque has undertaken to discuss; his memoir embraces whatever relates to their manners and usages.—This subject is too extensive to be fully developed in this report. I shall therefore confine myself to that part which treats of the wealth of the rich Athenians; of their manner of living, and of the luxury of their houses and repasts."

"Athens was one of the most opulent and flourishing republics of Greece, and yet poor when compared with the Roman republic, or even with the least considerable states of modern Europe. The wealthiest of the Athenians would be scarcely held to be in easy circumstances, according to our rates."

"Athens had some magnificent edifices, but could not have been a very fine city. The houses of Miltiades and Themistocles did not differ from those of obscure citizens. The city contained ten thousand houses, but, in general, of so little value, that many sold for half a talent, [500 dollars] and some for much less. That of Socrates, with all its furniture, was worth but five *minæ*, less than one hundred dollars. The property of a rich citizen, Crisobulus, was worth one hundred times as much. We know that a house at Eleusis, cost but three hundred *drachmæ*, less than one hundred dollars. The celebrated and extensive garden of Epicurus, which contained a fine nursery of olives, cost eighty *minæ*, about fourteen hundred dollars. In fine, in the time of the orator Lysias, a very handsome house could be purchased in the city for fifty minæ,—less than one thousand dollars. A man was held to possess a competency, when he had an income of twenty-two minæ—not quite three hundred dollars.

"Let us now examine what was considered as an exorbitant fortune.—Conon commanded, for a long time, the troops of the republic; he was also, for a long time, an officer of high rank in the service of the Persian monarch, and must have received great rewards, and have reaped considerable profits. It was found, by his will that his whole estate amounted to no more than forty talents;—about forty-three thousand dollars. Alcibiades inherited a large fortune; was for five years at the head of the armies, levied heavier contributions than any of the generals; and nevertheless, those who calculated most largely with regard to his fortune, did not estimate it at more than one hundred talents."

"The Athenian proprietaries were fond of residing in the country; they cultivated their own lands, and did not, consequently, incur very heavy expenses on their own account. Many of them engaged in commercial speculations; they bought slaves, made them work at different trades, and reaped the profits of their labours.—Sophocles was, on several occasions, one of the generals of the republic. His father is said to have been a blacksmith; possibly on account of his having made his slaves work in a forge. The demagogue, Cleon, is called a tanner by Aristophanes, because he employed his slaves in a tan-yard. The father of the orator, Demosthenes, employed his in cabinet-making; he had two shops, in which fifty-two bought slaves worked, and from the produce of their labour, he derived a net income of forty-two minæ, somewhat more than seven hundred dollars. Many of the distinguished citizens had [illegible]; others, [illegible]; some rendered the domestic labour of their wives and female relations profitable; and it was thus, that with a very limited capital, they procured a competent revenue.

"They enriched themselves particularly by lending their money, and oftentimes by lending that, which was not their own.—The ordinary rate of interest was twelve per cent. but it was seldom that the capitalists were satisfied with this. There was no legal limitation, and consequently no usury in the eye of the law. It was not uncommon for them to take 24, 36, and even 48 per cent. Some usurers doubled their capital in five days. Money was often lent for commercial enterprises at thirty per cent and as the returns were speedy,—there being no [illegible] than coasting trade,—the same [illegible] several harvests in the [illegible] A certain Aristoch[illegible], of whom Isæus speaks, must have been a very [illegible]rate man indeed, when he made but one hundred and thirty dollars a year, by loaning, with a capital of seven hundred.—

"The Athenians lived sparingly.—Mutton cost in the time of Solon about fifteen pence; beef half a dollar. A *medimnus* of corn,—about six bushels,—sold for eighteen sous. The price of provisions rose after the time of Solon, but never to any great height. The ancient classes consumed a great quantity of onions, beans and lentils. Plato who had some fortune, boasted of living upon olives, and was scandalized at the more luxurious cheer of Aristippus. In a piece of Lynceus, a comic poet, an epicure is made to complain of the Athenian repasts, and to state that much better fare was found at Chalcis.

"Some, but not all, of the Greeks ate bread. Hyppocrates prescribes, in that disease of the liver which he calls *Hepatitis*, that bread be given to the patient, if he be in the habit of eating it, or *maza* if that be his ordinary food. *Maza* was a kind of barley paste. The Athenians maintained at the Prytaneum, were, according to the institutions of Solon, supplied with *maza* on common days; bread was given to them on festivals.

"The Athenians gave entertainments; but it is very doubtful whether such a repast, as that of which we read in the travels of Anacharsis, was ever given at Athens, even by Alcibiades. The simplicity of the Athenian mode of living rendered unnecessary the daily service of a cook; when an entertainment was given, the cook was hired for the occasion, and brought all his utensils with him, as there was no regularly organized kitchen in the Athenian dwellings.—One of the usages of the Athenians in this respect was well calculated to promote friendship: it was that of giving entertainments, to which each guest brought his dish. They were fond of eating in society; and one friend often put his supper in his basket, and went to eat it at the house of another. Wine was the most expensive article of their repasts; for the Greeks had a very strong relish for it. The authors who have described the manners of the Athenians, speak more frequently of parsimonious, than of prodigal men. No language, perhaps, has so many words as the Greek, to designate a miser. If the Athenians had a great many slaves, it was not as a matter of luxury, but of profit. The law expressly forbade the keeping a supernumerary or idle slave. As it was customary for the Athenians to travel on foot, they took a slave with them to carry their baggage. They could not take two, without being accused of pride or ostentation.

"I cannot conclude this summary of the researches of our colleague, without being led to reflect upon what constitutes the true glory and wealth of states; their real prosperity; both their actual and future renown. The mind proceeds involuntarily to contrast an existence so penurious, and a wealth so insignificant, according to our modern ideas, with the glorious and admirable achievements of the Athenians; with the exquisite models which they have left us in the arts of imagination, and in the creations of genius. That people must be acknowledged to have been truly *rich*, without whose inventions and remains, the most opulent nations which have ever existed, or which now exist, could be only qualified as barbarians."

## Congress.

*IN SENATE, Feb. 18, 1811.*

THE motion to strike out the first section of the bill for renewing the Charter of the United States Bank, which is equivalent to a rejection of it, was again debated.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, finished his observations in favor of striking out the section.—Mr Brent, of Virginia, opposed the striking out. No question was taken.

*Tuesday, February 19.*

The debate on the motion to reject the United States Bank Charter renewal bill, continued.—Mr. Taylor spoke against striking out the section; and Mr. Whiteside, of Tennessee, in favor of it. But no question was taken.

*Wednesday, February 20.*

*THE QUESTION DECIDED!*

The debate, as above, continued—Messrs. Brent, Pickering, and Crawford, opposed the striking out.—The debate continued until five o'clock, when the question was taken, and the votes stood as follows:—

AYES—Messrs. Anderson, Campbell, Clay, Cutts, Franklin, Gaillard, German, Giles, Gregg, Lambert, Leib, Mathewson, Reed, Robinson, Smith Md. Whiteside, Worthington—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Bayard, Bradley, Brent, Champlin, Condit, Crawford, Dana, Gilman, Goodrich, Horsey, Lloyd, Pickering, Pope, Smith New-York, Tait, Taylor, Turner—17.

The Secretary then declared the state of the votes, on which the Vice-President Mr Clinton, rose, and after reading a short discourse, which he had prepared for the occasion, very deliberately pronounced his decision in favor of rejection, the Bill—WHICH IS, THEREFORE, DEAD.

### *HOUSE of REPRESENTATIVES,*

*Monday, February 18.*

A resolution was moved by Mr. Miller, and adopted, requesting the President of the United States to transmit any documents in his possession, respecting the repeal, modification or practical operation of the French and English Decrees and Orders.

Mr. Seybert presented a petition of merchants in Philadelphia, praying relief in consequence of seizures under the Non-Intercourse law:

Mr. Eppes said, that the bill on the subject of the Non-Intercourse law, which had been delayed on account of the expected arrival of the new French Minister, would be shortly taken up; and moved that the petition lie on the table:—Adopted.

Mr. Metcalf reported against the proposition for establishing a NATIONAL UNIVERSITY, principally on the ground of unconstitutionality.

Mr. Whitman presented a petition for erecting a Light-House on Moon Island.

A bill on the subject of issuing Debentures in certain cases, passed to be engrossed.

The Light-Houses, Buoys, &c. bill, passed to be engrossed.

A bill in favour of Paymaster Knight, was discussed in committee of the whole. [☞ *It appeared, that the Paymaster, by order of Mr. Secretary* DEARBORNE, *and by desire of General Wilkinson advanced the latter 1154 dollars for capers, cigars and other extra rations, which said* WILKINSON *was not authorized by law to receive, and which the accountant of the Treasury would not allow in the settlement of the paymaster's accounts.*] No question was taken on this bill.

*Tuesday, February 19.*

A motion of Mr. Love for a committee to inquire if any part of the law of 1791, for establishing the Bank of the United States would be in force after the 3d March, was negatived.

MESSAGES.

A message was received from the President, inclosing the returns of the Militia of the United States.

*FRENCH DECREES.*

Another Message from the President was received, covering documents sent in pursuance of Mr. Miller's motion.

[*One of these documents is the letter from the Duke of Massa to the President of the Council of prizes in Paris, which has been published in the Mercury.*]

Another of these documents is the following:

*Copy of a letter from the Minister of Finance to the Count of Sussy, Counsellor of State, Director General of the Customs, dated Dec. 25th, 1810.*

"On the 5th of last August, the minister of foreign relations wrote to Mr. Armstrong, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America, that the Berlin and Milan Decrees were revoked, and that after the 1st of November, the effects would cease; it being well understood, that in consequence of this declaration the English would revoke their orders in council and renounce the new principles of blockade which they wished to establish, or that the United States, in conformity to the act commenced, should cause their rights to be respected by the English.

"On the communication of this note, the President of the United States issued on the 2d of November a proclamation, which announces the revocation of the Berlin and Milan Decrees, and which declares that in consequence thereof all the restrictions imposed by the act of the 1st May, 1809, should cease with respect to France and her dependencies.

"The same day, the Treasury Department addressed to the Collectors of the Customs of the United States a circular, which prescribes to them to admit to the ports and waters of the United States armed French vessels and enjoins them to apply, after the 2d of February next, the law of the 1st May 1809, prohibiting all commercial intercourse to English vessels of every description as well as the productions of the soil, industry or produce of England and her dependencies.

"His Majesty having seen, in these two pieces, the annunciation of the measures which the Americans purpose taking on the 2d of Feb. next, to cause their rights to be respected, has ordered me to inform you, that the *Berlin* and *Milan* decrees must not be applied to any American vessels that have entered our ports since the 1st of November, or may enter in the future; and that those which have been sequestered, as being in contravention of these decrees, *must be the object of a special Report.*

"On the 2d of February, I shall acquaint you with the intentions of the Emperor with regard to the definitive measures to be taken, for distinguishing and favouring the American navigation.—I have the honor to salute you.—The Minister of Finance.

(Signed) The DUKE of GAETE."

There were a great number of other documents from England and France merely unimportant. The letters from the French Dukes of Massa and Gaete, were cut from a Bordeaux news-paper, and forwarded to Mr. Secretary Smith, by Mr. Myers, Consul in Bordeaux.—There are a number of letters and extracts of letters from Mr. Pinkney to Mr. Smith, the last of which was dated the 29th December, 1810.—Among them is a long letter from Mr. Pinkney to the Marquis Wellesley relative to the repeal of the Orders of Council, to which no answer had been returned on the 29th December. But Mr. Pinkney was satisfied that Lord Wellesley, if he had answered his letter, could only have informed him what he knew already, that the insanity of the British King prevented his Ministers from performing any executive act; and that the King had not been able to transact any public business since the 24th October.—Mr. Pinkney talks about taking leave of the British Court, but had not determined at what time at the date of his last letter.—3000 copies of the despatches were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Pitkin stated, that there was much diversity in the translations of the French documents which had been communicated to the House this day;—the translation before the House differing from that in the *Intelligencer* of this morning; and the copies heretofore published in the papers, not agreeing with either.—He therefore moved a resolution, That the President be requested to furnish the House with copies of those documents in their original language, that Members might judge of the accuracy or inaccuracy of the translations.

A long debate ensued on this motion when strange to tell, the motion was negatived—67 to 41.

*Wednesday February 20.*

Mr. Bacon introduced a resolution, which was adopted, that the witnesses upon the enquiries into the conduct of Gen. James Wilkinson, and the causes of the mortality of the troops at New-Orleans, shall be allowed a certain sum per day and travelling fees, to be paid out of the contingent fund of the house of Representatives.

Mr. Dawson of the military committee, reported a bill providing that the president may accept the services of volunteer companies not exceeding 50,000 men—read 1st and 2d time and committed to a committee of the whole house. Order of the day Saturday next.

Mr. Gardinier obtained leave of absence from this day for the remainder of the session, on account of sickness in his family.

The House resumed the consideration of the question on the Bill for the relief of Lieut. Simeon Knight whether it shall be engrossed for a third reading. Mr. Pitkin moved an amendment by way of proviso—provided that the Law should not be so construed to imply any right in General Wilkinson to receive extra rations, or to exonerate him from liability to the United States for the $1154 40 so received of Lieut Simeon Knight—this amendment occasioned considerable debate and warmth—Messrs. Pitkin Pickman, Tallmadge, Milnor Lyon and Stanley advocated it, and Messrs. Wright, Roe, Newton, and Rhea, of Ten. spoke against it. The amendment was carried, 62 to 45; and the Bill so amended was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

The Bill for erecting Light-houses, placing Buoys, &c. was read a third time and passed.

The bill directing the comptroller to issue debentures in certain cases, viz. where in cases of sickness, the prevalence of the yellow fever or owing to the neglect or omission of the custom house officers, persons have lost the benefit of drawbacks, was read a third time. Mr. Holland moved that it be indefinitely postponed—without deciding this question, the House adjourned for want of a quorum.

*Thursday, February 21.*

The bill to erect a light-house on Moon Island, Mas. and for other purposes, was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Eppes, from the committee of Ways and Means, reported the following bills:

A bill to repeal the 19th section of the act of 1791, for incorporating the subscribers of the Bank of the United States.—A bill for allowing an additional compensation to the Post Master-General.—And a bill to carry into effect the Treaty between the U. S. and the Great and Little Osage tribes of Indians.—[This bill appropriates $[illegible] to carry the Treaty into effect.]—These bills were all made the order for Saturday next.

On motion of Mr. Eppes, the House took up the bill supplementary to the non-intercourse act.—Mr. Eppes then moved to add the following sections to the bill:—

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted* That in case Great-Britain shall so revoke or modify her edicts, as that they shall cease to violate the neutral commerce of the United States, the President of the United States shall declare the fact by proclamation; and such proclamation shall be admitted as evidence, and no other evidence shall be admitted of such revocation or modification in any suit or prosecution which may be instituted under the fourth section of the act to which this act is a supplement. And the restrictions imposed or which may be imposed by virtue of the said act, shall, from the date of such proclamation, cease and be discontinued.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted* That until the proclamation aforesaid shall have been issued, the several provisions of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth and eighteenth sections of the act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great-Britain and France and their dependencies, and for other purposes," shall have full force and be immediately carried into effect against Great-Britain, her colonies, dependencies, &c.: *Provided however,* That any vessel or merchandise which may in pursuance thereof be seized, prior to the fact being ascertained, whether Great-Britain shall on or before the 2d day of February 1811, have revoked or modified her edicts in the manner abovementioned, shall nevertheless be restored on application of the parties on their giving bond with approved sureties to the U. S. in a sum equal to the value thereof, to abide the decision of the proper court of the U. S. thereon; and any such bond shall be considered as satisfied if Great-Britain shall on or before the 2d day of February, 1811, have revoked or modified her edicts in the manner above mentioned."

Mr. Mumford moved the following proviso:—

*Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to effect the cargoes of ships or vessels wholly owned by citizen or citizens of the United States, which had cleared out for the Cape of Good Hope, or for any port beyond the same, prior to the tenth day of November, 1810.

On motion of Mr. Goldsborough, the bill with the amendments were ordered to be printed, and were referred to a committee of the whole, and made the order of the day for to-morrow.

A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury on the Degen, Purviance & Co. business was received. This communication covered a long statement of accounts, from which it appeared, that the U. S. are likely to lose upwards of $60,000 by Degen, Purviance & Co.—[It will be observed that in strict equity Gen. Smith is one of the Co. But by the documents it does not appear that he can be made liable for this money.]—The documents were referred to a select committee of 5, and ordered to be printed. At half past 3 the House adjourned.

## By the last Mails.

*COLUMBIA.*

WASHINGTON, FEB. 19.

ON Saturday Gen. Turreau, presented to the President his letters of recal; and M. Serrurier was received, and presented his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Emperor of France.

Notwithstanding all the accounts of the surrender of the Spanish garrison at Mobile, government has received official letters which state, that on the 12th January it was still in possession of the Spaniards. Col. Cushing, with [illegible] on board the gun-boats, arrived [illegible] on the 2d January, passed [illegible] without interruption and anchored above the town, where they lay [illegible], without having landed any of the troops. Immediately on the arrival of Col. Cushing the militia was disbanded.

*NEW-YORK.*

NEW-YORK, FEB. 23.

*WASHINGTON ANNIVERSARY.*

Yesterday being the Anniversary of the Birth day of the *Father of his Country*, the Society in this city, instituted for the laudable purpose of publicly avowing the principles which he manifested and maintained, and expressing their gratitude for his inestimable services, both in the cabinet and field, assembled to celebrate the glorious event of his birth. The present disastrous and gloomy state of our country, brought about by an abandonment of his policy, and adopting that of his worst enemy, filled the breasts of the patriots which composed this institution, with a lively sense of our situation, and a heart-felt remembrance of what we *once were*, contrasted with what we *now* are, and seemed to inspire them with an unusual desire to display their attachment to his memory, and that of Hamilton his eldest son and counsellor; they therefore assembled, notwithstanding the extreme inclemency of the season, in numbers exceeding 2000, and moved in procession through the city. The appearance was splendid and solemn.—The Banners of Independence, of Washington, of Hamilton, of Ames, of Hancock, M'Dougal, Putnam, Schuyler, Dr Cabb, Knox, Greene, Wooster, Mercer, Montgomery, Warren and Steuben, floated in the air:—A full-length likeness of Washington, on a stage surrounded by a handsome drapery, and surmounted by his title "*The Father of his Country*," and a likeness of Hamilton placed different parts of the procession.—

While flags with inscriptions of various eras of the Revolution were borne by military and naval characters, and one by Mr. Van Vert, one of those patriotic Americans who arrested Major Andre. —In this order they proceeded to the Circus, where Washington's Farewell Address was read, an Oration delivered by H. Maxwell, Esq. and numerous airs performed by three bands of music. A federal salute was then fired, and the society dined or supped at various places, no single public house being large enough to accommodate them. The following were among the toasts given:

1. *The Day*—It witnessed the birth of Washington; It witnesses our attachment to his principles;—may it hereafter witness their application in the happiness of our country.

2. *Memory of Washington*—Immortal in the affections of virtue, immortalized by the hate of its enemies.

4. *Foreign Injustice*—Self-respect is the best preventive.

6. *Timothy Pickering.*—His merits are superior to the shafts of malice and detraction.

7. *The Constitution of the United States*—We will preserve it, "*amicably, if we can; forcibly, if we must.*"

10. *Commerce and Agriculture.*—May our statesmen learn (ere it be too late,) that the destruction of either will prove the ruin of both.

14. *Our brethren in principle throughout the Union*—May they never despair of a good cause.

February 25.

We have been favored with the New-Orleans Gazette of the 17th ult. which contains the strongest assurances of the complete restoration of tranquility throughout that territory. The whole disturbances, it appears, ended in the death of two citizens by the brigands, and the destruction of three dwelling-houses by fire. Not a single sugar-house or sugar-works were molested. About 100 brigands had been killed and hung, and several more would be executed.

The account before us concludes with the following mysterious paragraph:—

"This awful lesson should strike deep into the hearts of slave-holders, and those whose duty it is to keep our country in a state of defence; the time may not be far distant when we shall be called to the field against a more powerful foe than the banditti lately quelled. The doctrine of passive obedience and non-resistance must and will be abandoned. Pleasant as the sleep of peace, with disgrace, may be to the sordid mind, it cannot be any longer indulged. Let our rulers awaken from their lethargy and say by *acts*, not by *words*, that they are worthy of their station, or let them hand the national sword to those who know how to appreciate its value."

# Newport,

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1811.

*By the arrival here yesterday, of a Packet from New-York, we received papers of that city of Wednesday and Thursday last, from which we have copied the following articles:—*

## CONGRESS,

***House of Representatives, Feb. 23.***

Mr. Mumford presented the petition of Gold Hoyt of the city of New-York, owner of the ship American Eagle, which was seized last July, and libelled before the District Court of New-York; but owing to the illness of the District Judge, the petitioner has not been able to obtain a trial, and prays that the cause may be tried before the next Circuit Court of the United States in that city —committed to a select committee.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the supplemental bill to the non-intercourse law, (Mr. Desha in the chair.) The amendment of Mr. Rhea, of Tennessee, proposed yesterday, was negatived.

Mr. Livermore then proposed an amendment, the object of which was, to prevent the proclamation of the President from being the sole evidence of the fact of the revocation of the orders in council by Great-Britain. This was also negatived.

Mr. Wright then proposed an amendment, to provide that Great-Britain should make satisfactory arrangements respecting the impressed American seamen in her possession, as well as revoke her orders in council, before commercial intercourse should be renewed with her. This was also negatived. The committee then agreed to the second section of Mr. Eppes's amendment.

Mr. Milnor spoke against the adoption of the 3d section, (which goes to revive the Non-Importation Law against Great-Britain.) After Mr. Milnor had [illegible]ed, the question was taken on Mr. [illegible]'s proviso to the 3d section, [illegible] was carried.

Mr. Pitkin then moved an amendment by way of another proviso, to re[illegible] cases of the West-India trade, [to the] following effect: That vessels [owned by] American citizens only, which [sailed] from any British port in the [illegible] previous to a knowledge [that] Great-Britain had not on the 2d of [Febr]uary revoked her edicts, shall not be liable to seizure. Mr. Pitkin and Mr. Haven spoke upon the amendment. It was negatived, only 42 rising in favor of it.

Mr. Tallmage moved that the third section should be so amended, as to strike out that part which revives the different sections of the non-intercourse law of March 1809, in order that some friend of the bill might move to insert those sections verbatim. This amendment was negatived.

Mr. Rhea, of Tenn. moved to strike out all the sections after the words "be it enacted."—This was negatived.

Mr. Milnor moved that the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to remit all penalties, and restore to the owners all property purchased in consequence of orders, given previous to a knowledge of the proclamation of the President of the 2d of Nov. 1810.—This was negatived.

Mr. Bigelow then moved that vessels which sailed from an American port, previous to the 10th of Nov. 1810, should be exempted from the penalties of the law. Negatived.

The committee then rose and reported the bill as amended—and before the question of concurrence was passed, the house adjourned, 20 minutes past 5.

NEW-YORK, FEB. 28.

A letter from a Member of Congress to his friend in this city, says, "In whatever shape the Non-Intercourse law passes, I have no doubt relief will be afforded to all vessels which left England before the second of February."

*Union Bank.*—On Saturday last, in the legislature of New-York, the Union Bank Charter (formerly the Jersey Bank) passed in committee of the whole, 78 to 17. Two new Directors are added in place of the two Jersey Directors: viz. Messrs. Elias Kane and David Dunham. The present capital is 1,800,000 dollars.

*Death of the King of England.*

Capt. Childs, of the brig Triton, arrived here this forenoon from Cadiz, informs, that he spoke on the 14th of February, the British schooner Union, 3 days from Martinique for New-York, the captain of which informed him that in coming out of the harbour, he saw a British Packet going in with her colours half mast, said to be in consequence of the King's death.

Extract of a letter received at Nassau, dated Havanna Jan. 11.—His Britannic Majesty's ship Implacable, came off here this morning, on her voyage from Vera Cruz to Cadiz, having on board four millions and a half of dollars, and one thousand seroons of Cochineal, and is now standing off to receive on board the member of the Cortes for this Island, Don Andres de Jauregui: some of the officers who have landed, say, that the revolutionists in Mexico, though beaten in every engagement, were still gaining strength."

NEW-ORLEANS, JAN. 24.—From a gentleman who left Mobile on Tuesday the 15th inst. we have received the following information:—Col. Cushing obtained liberty from the Spanish commandant, to bring his family ashore from the gun-boats that lie at anchor some distance from the fort, and has taken a house in the village. Capt. Gaines with his company, lies encamped close by the village—the Spanish patrols pass round his camp, [illegible] the adjacent country. The militia from Washington county, ordered down by Lieut. Col. Sparks, were discharged and sent home by Col. Cushing.—The Spaniards will not give up the fort.—Col. Cushing has no orders to take it. Spanish law governs.—Reciprocity and an interchange of friendly acts are daily experienced between the Spanish and American officers.

In the packet which arrived here yesterday from New-York, came passenger the Hon. CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN, one of the Senators of this State in the Congress of the United States.

Commodore RODGERS arrived in town on Wednesday, from New-London.

The U. S. Frigate John Adams, Capt. Dent, arrived here on Wednesday evening, in 5 days from Charleston.—We understand she will sail in the course of a few days for L'Orient, and a port in Great-Britain, and will take charge of letters for those countries.—Mr. Erving has not yet arrived; he, however, is expected this evening.

The President of the United States has nominated the Hon. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, as Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the place of Judge Cushing, deceased, and the nomination has been confirmed by the Senate without a dissentient.

## NEUTRALITY.

In Mr. Walsh's Inquiry into the past and present Relations of France and the U. S. while exposing the shameful partiality of our cabinet towards France, is the following beautiful description of Justice and Neutrality:—

"The ancients in their Iconology, represent Justice with a bandage over the eyes,—with a word in one hand,—with the well-poised scales in the other,—with a sun upon her breast as the emblem of purity,—with a serene, but courageous aspect,—with the volumes of jurisprudence heaped about her as the rule of her decisions;—with the horn of Amalthæus by her side as the symbol of that prosperity which must crown the career of every state of which she and "warlike Honour" guide the helm. If we were disposed to indulge in a personification of Neutrality, just such would we portray her:—not panic-struck and overawed by the grim aspect of war or of tyranny;—not trampling upon the sword and the balance and grasping the caduceus and the purse;—not surrounded by volumes of impracticable theories and spurious codes of public law, instead of that body of immemorial customs and those profound digests of universal legislation, which, by the common consent of mankind, were heretofore consecrated as the only safe guides of action, and the only pure sources of illumination.—Neutrality may indeed exist, where Justice is notoriously with one belligerent; and it is therefore that we should place in her train, a figure which Justice can never have as a companion. We mean Prudence in our sense of the term, with Honour as her guide and her counsellor: but then we would alter the aspect of our image, and instead of the placid countenance, we would give her what was frequently assigned to Justice,—a severe and sorrowful physiognomy; eyes full of fierceness and indignation against the oppressor; and,—if we could go farther and animate her heart,—it should be the opposite of her exterior character, and should glow with anxious hopes and ardent wishes for the cause of the oppressed."

## U. S. RECEIPTS—1810.

*Statement of Receipts at the Treasury of the U. S. from 1st Oct. 1809, to 30th Sept. 1810.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cash in the Treasury subject to warrant, Oct. 1, 1809, | | 5,828,936 61 |
| Rec'd for the proceeds of the Customs, | 7,851,170 45 | |
| Intern. Rev 4,138 24 Direct Tax. 13,818 13 | 17,956 37 | |
| Sales of public lands, | 672,417 90 | |
| Cents and half cents coined in the mint, | 16,590 00 | |
| Fees on patents, | 6,840 00 | |
| Stamp duties & penalties, | 51 35 | |
| Fines, penalties and forfeitures, | 804 80 | |
| Seamen's wages paid to consuls in foreign serv. | 935 15 | |
| Interest rec'd, | 390 00 | |
| Fines, &c. received from contraventions of Embargo laws, | 7,584 25 | |
| Repayments, | 114,120 89 | |
| | | 8,688,861 17 |
| | D[illegible] | [illegible],517,[illegible]7 78 |

☞ The [illegible] Amount of the Receipts [into the T]reasury, from 4th [March, 178]9, to 31st Dec. 1809, was [illegible] hundred and ten millions eight hundred and twenty-seven thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven *dollars* 34 *cts.*

# Died,

At Nassau, (New-Providence) on the 20th of January last, (where he went for the benefit of his health) Mr. CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN, son of the Hon. Christopher G. Champlin of this town, in the 22d year of his age.

—At Alexandria, (Vir.) on the 20th ult. Mrs. MARY CHANDLER, in the 23d year of her age, daughter of the late Mr. Samuel G. Fowler, of this town.

—In this town on Sunday evening last, after a short and severe illness, Capt. JOHN PRICE, in the 44th year of his age—a man universally esteemed and now sincerely lamented by all who knew him.—In him the public lament the loss of an useful citizen, an enterprising merchant, an upright and honest man. His funeral was on Tuesday solemnized by the Masonic and Marine Societies, and a large concourse of afflicted relatives and friends.

# Ship News.

*PORT OF NEWPORT,*

MARCH 2, 1811.

ENTERED.

Ship Comet, Johnson, Liverpool: Brig Hiram, Lawton, Havanna: sch'r Hannah, Hubbard, Turks-Island: sloop Aimina, Goodrich, Baltimore: do. Hermit, Merinew, Alexandria.

CLEARED.

Brig Thaddeus, Hawes, Havanna: Sloop Golden Age, Gibbs, New-York: do Fame, Earl, ditto.

Arrived here on Thursday last, ship Comet, Johnson, of this port, 58 days from Liverpool.—Sailed in company with the ship George Dyer, for Baltimore.—The ships Dumfries, Shepherdess, and Lucy, arrived at Liverpool Dec. 28. in short passages from New-York.—Left Dec. 30th, ships Essex, Wingate, of and for Baltimore in 14 days: Cato, Thompson, do. waiting for repairs: Hannibal Gerrish, Boston: Ocean, Adams, do.: Liverpool Packet, Wood, do.: Lothaire, Jackson, do.: Thomas Wilson, Graham, of Baltimore for Monte Video in 10 days: Diana, Pierce, for Baltimore in 10 days: Leda, Hobson, do. for Cadiz in 6 days: sch'rs Friendship, Drew, for Wilmington in 4 days: United States, Holmes, for do. uncertain.—Jan. 28th, spoke British ship Ambrosia, Aison, 4 weeks from Portsmouth, (Eng.) for New-Providence.

The Ship Hope, Smith, of Providence, was spoken Dec. 16th, 30 leagues east of Cape Frio, 5 days from St. Salvador for Monte Video.

The sloop Sally, Coggeshall, of this port, arrived at Charleston Jan. 15th, in 2[illegible] days from Havanna.

The brig Eagle, Mayberry, of this port, was at Havanna Feb. 5, to sail in 15 days for New-York.


# Sales at Auction.

On MONDAY, March 4, 1811, at G. W. MARTIN & Co OFFICE,

2 Pipes Brandy.
3 do. Gin.
4 Hogsheads Rum.
10 Barrels Sugar.
20 Bags Coffee.
5 do. Pimento.
Teas of various kinds.
4 barrels Lump Sugar.
10 Boxes Chocolate.
9 plated Castors.
15 pair plated Bottle Stands.

Sales to commence at X o'clock.

G. W. MARTIN & Co. *Auc'rs.*

Newport, March 2.

On MONDAY, March 4, 1811, At XI o'clock A. M. on Stevens's Wharf.

26 Puncheons high 4th proof Jamaica Rum.
20 Bags Sumatra Pepper.

The above Rum being a consignment, will positively be sold, and will undoubtedly be a good speculation, both as respects the season of the year, and the probability of the non-intercourse law going into operation.

DANIEL ROGERS & Co. intending to dissolve their Partnership, on account of one of the Firm leaving town, a few Crates of Crockery and Glass Ware will likewise be offered for sale, at Auction, on Monday next.

MEIN & ROGERS, *Auc'rs.*

Newport, March 2.

MEIN & ROGERS,
*Offer at private sale.*

EXCELLENT Surinam Molasses by the Hogshead.—Old Batavia [illegible]—With their usual general assortment of Groceries.

Newport, March 2.

CRANSTON & SHAW,
*Offer at private sale, at their Auction Office.*

7 Hogsheads Rum.
5 Bales Cotton.
35 Barrels Mess Beef.
20 do. Prime Do.
15 half-barrels Mess Do.
7 Pipes Gin.

Newport, March 2.

HENRY BULL & Co.
*Offer for sale,*

FIFTY Pieces best Ravens DUCK, on the most reasonable terms.

Newport, March 2.

TO FARMERS.

WANTED, a steady, industrious Man, who understands the care of Cattle, and the management of a Farm, (to be employed on the Island) Any person of character, such a place may suit, are desired to apply at this Office for further information.

Newport, March 1.

WANTED,

AN Active BOY, to attend in a Shop.—Apply to

JAMES HAMMOND.

Newport, March 1.

To be sold at Public Auction,
*On MONDAY, March 4 1811 at XI o'clock A. M. on the premises*

THE DWELLING-HOUSE and a large Lot of Land, situated in Golden-[illegible] Street No 4 now occupied by the Subscriber which for pleasantness of situation is exceeded but by few.—For further particulars apply to

PHINEAS CLARKE.

*Newport Feb 1*

☞ *One or Two Boys,*

*From 12 to 15 years of age, wanted as apprentices to learn the Art of Printing.—Boys from the country, of respectable connexions and of good habits, will meet with every encouragement. Apply at this Office.*

# $15,000 highest Prize.

*Harvard College Grand Lottery.*

FIFTH CLASS

COMMENCES Drawing in BOSTON on the 19th of June next and contains the following valuable Prizes, viz:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Prize of | 15,000 | Dollars. |
| 1 | do of | 5,000 | |
| 5 | do of | 1,000 | |
| 4 | do of | 500 | |
| 6 | do of | 100 | Tickets. |
| 12 | do of | 50 | Tickets. |
| 50 | do of | 100 | Dollars. |
| 60 | do of | 50 | |
| 100 | do. of | 20 | |
| 200 | do. of | 10 | |
| 6561 | do. of | 7 | |

*Not two Blanks to a Prize, and all Prizes free from deduction.*

The Lottery contains 21,000 Tickets.

Present price of Tickets 5 Dollars, but will soon rise.

# $25,000 highest Prize!

*Grand Union College Lottery No. 2.*

WHICH Commences drawing in the city of New York, on the 4th Tuesday of April next.—The following comprehends a part of the

SCHEME.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 | Prizes of | 25,000 Dollars. |
| 1 | do. | 10,000 |
| 1 | do. | 5,000 |
| 2 | do. | 2,000 |
| 5 | do. | 1,000 |
| 28 | do. | 500 |
| 50 | do. | 200 |
| 50 | do. | 100 |
| 100 | do. | 50 |
| 200 | do. | 20 |
| 10,500 | do. | 10 |

Present Price of Tickets, 9 Dolls. 50 Cts.

☞ *Orders for Tickets and Quarters in the above Lotteries, are received at the* OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, *where Cash will be paid for all Prize Tickets procured.*

# Drawing Approaches!

## 120,000 Dollars,

MAY be gained for the small sum of *FIVE DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS,* in the GRAND UNION COLLEGE LOTTERY, No 2 which will positively commence Drawing the 23d of April next.—Scheme as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 | Prizes of | 25,000 Dollars. |
| 1 | Do. | 10,000 |
| 1 | Do. | 5,000 |
| 2 | Do. | 2,000 |
| 5 | Do. | 1,000 |
| 28 | Do. | 500 |

Besides a large number of smaller Prizes.

Orders for Tickets and Quarters in the above Lottery will receive immediate attention at the *Exchange & Lottery Office* of J. C. SHAW, who will pay all Prizes in Tickets sold at his office as soon as due.—Whole Tickets 9 Dolls 50 Cents.—Quarters 2 Dolls 50 Cents.

*Newport Feb* 24.

# Paper Hangings.

## George Wanton,

IS now opening several Boxes of PAPER HANGINGS of the most fashionable patterns with elegant Borders, which he will sell cheaper than was ever offered for sale in this State. The Assortment of low priced Papers is extensive. Wholesale customers can be furnished with Paper Hangings at liberal discounts from the Manufactory prices.

The Book Store is furnished with a complete Assortment of Books of every description usually wanted and with every new publication as soon as from the press. School and Seaman's Books of every kind in use.

Almanacks for 1811, of various kinds, which will be sold by the groce, dozen or single, at one half the usual price.

Several Hundred Volumes second hand Books also at one half the original value.

Hats of every description and price wide and common brims. One case fashionable sattin Beavers. Felt, plated castor and beaver, men's and children's Hats, of the most fashionable shape and best quality from 75 Cents to Eight Dollars.

Persons indebted to WANTON & RATHBONE or GEORGE WANTON are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against either, to present them for settlement.

*Newport March* 1.

NOTICE.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the Firm of WEAVER & UNDERWOOD is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons having any demands on the Firm are requested to present their Accounts for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment to NICHOLAS UNDERWOOD who is authorised to settle the affairs of the concern.

PELEG WEAVER.
NICHOLAS UNDERWOOD.

*Newport Feb* [illegible]

To be let at Public Auction,
*On THURSDAY, the 21st of March at XI o'clock A. M. at the Brick Market to the highest bidder*

THE TOWN MARSH adjoining the Pond and Beach for the term of One Year. Conditions made known at the time and place.

*Newport March* 1.

HAY, &c.

TWO Tons of Hay; a new Stable 16 1-2 feet by 17; a number of working benches and benches, a small Stove with [illegible] of sheet iron pipe, a great variety of household utensils, including a number of bed &c. &c.

*For Sale by*
ROWSE TAYLOR.
*No.* 11, *Farewell street.*

*Newport 3d mo.* [illegible]

CASH,

And the highest price, will be given for any quantity of Lamb and Sheep SKINS, suitable for Book-Binding, at this Office.

## Poetry.

### ODE TO WINTER.

BY THOMAS CAMPBELL.

WHEN first the fiery-mantled sun
His heavenly race began to run,
Round the earth and ocean blue,
His children four the Seasons flew.

First, in green apparel dancing,
The young Spring smil'd with angel grace;
Rosy summer next advancing,
Rush'd into her sire's embrace:
Her bright-hair'd sire, who bade her keep
For ever nearest to his smiles,
On Calpe's olive shaded steep,
On India's citron-cover'd isles:
More remote and buxom-brown,
The Queen of vintage bow'd before his throne;
A rich pomegranate gemm'd her crown,
A ripe sheaf bound her zone.

But howling Winter fled afar,
To hills that prop the polar star,
And loves on deer-borne car to ride,
With barren darkness by his side.
Round the shore where loud Lofoden
Whirls to death the roaring whale,
Round the hall where Runic Od n
Howls his war-song to the gale;
Save when adown the ravag'd globe
He travels on his native storm,
Deflow'ring nature's grassy robe,
And trampling on her faded form:—
Till light's returning lord assume
The shaft that drives him to his polar field,
Of power to pierce his raven plume,
And crystal cover'd shield.

Oh, sire of storms! whose savage ear
The Lapland drum delights to hear,
When Frenzy with her blood-shot eye
Implores thy dreadful deity.
Archangel! power of desolation!
Fast-descending as thou art,
Say, hath mortal invocation
Spells to touch thy stony heart?
Then sullen Winter hear my prayer,
And gently rule the ruin'd year;
Nor chill the wand'rer's bosom bare,
Nor freeze the wretch's falling tear;—
To shuddering want's unmantled bed,
Thy [illegible]-breathing agues cease to [illegible]
And [illegible] on the orphan head
Of [illegible] ace descend.—

But [illegible] spare, O king of clouds!
The sailor on his airy shrouds:
When wrecks and beacons strew the deep,
And spectres walk along the deep.
Milder yet thy snowy breezes
Pour on yonder tented shores,
Where the Rhine's broad billow freezes,
Or the dark-brown Danube roars.
Oh winds of winter! list ye there
To many a deep and dying groan,
Or start, ye demons of the midnight air,
At shrieks and thunders louder than your own.
Alas! ev'n your unhallow'd breath
May spare the victim, fallen low;
But man will ask no truce to death,—
No bounds to human woe.*

* *This ode was written in Germany at th close f 1800, b fore the conclution of hostilities.*

---

### *NEW CIRCULATING LIBRARY.*

## James Hammond,

HAS Purchased the BOOKS late belonging to WANTON & RATHBONE'S Providence Circulating Library, to wh ch he has since added a very considerable number of the best Publications which could be procured.—All of which will be opened for Circulation on MONDAY NEXT at his DRY GOODS STORE No 104 Thames-street—This Library is more extensive than any other which has ever been established in Newport and a great proportion of the Books have never been offered to Circulation in this State.

The most approved Works of *History, Biography, Voyages and Travels,* have been selected for the Circulating Library. The collection of *Novels and Romances,* is more extensive than can be found in any other Library in America.

The assortment of *Plays* is complete, and of *Magazines and Reviews* includes more than Three Hundred Volumes published in Europe and America. Also complete sets of the Gentleman & Ladies Magazines, with elegant Engravings.

Books loaned to Subscribers or non-subscribers at the usual terms.

A Catalogue is now publishing and will be ready for delivery in the course of 10 days previous to which time a manuscript Catalogue may be seen on application at the Library.

Every new work of merit suitable for the [illegible] will be for Circulation as soon as [illegible]

The Dry Good Business will be continued as usual.

N[illegible] Feb 1

---

### *Feather Beds & Feathers.*

LIVE Geese Geese and Fowl FEATHERS kept constantly for sale by
ABRAH[illegible] PARKER
N[illegible] Charles-street
*Newport, Jan. 4, 1810.*

---

## Walsh's Review.

ROUSMANIERE & BARBER,
*Have this day received from Philadelphia, and now ready for delivery to Subscribers.*

THE First Number of the AMERICAN REVIEW, OF HISTORY AND POLITICS; and General Repository of Literature and State Papers.—Edited by *ROBERT WALSH,* jun. Esq.

☞ *Subscriptions are still received for this excellent work.*

## Port Folio.

THE Agency for the PORT-FOLIO having been transferred to ROUSMANIERE & BARBER, Booksellers, Newport, all persons indebted for past subscriptions, are requested to make payment to them.—ROUSMANIERE & BARBER are authorized to receive Subscriptions for the current year.

BRADFORD & INSKEEP.
Philadelphia, January 6.

---

### NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having commenced business under the Firm of

### ANTHONY & HISCOX,

Offer for sale at their Store on the Ferry Wharf, opposite Mr *Benjamin Wightman's* a genuine Assortment of Groceries, which they intend to sell as low as can be purchased in town—They solicit the patronage of the public.

The smallest favor will be gratefully acknowledged.

HENRY ANTHONY,
JOHN S. HISCOX.
*Newport Dec. 28*

---

### NOTICE.

THE Subscribers formed a connexion in business on the 1st instant which will be conducted under the firm of

### Cranston & Shaw.

As they intend devoting their attention entirely to the *Auction & Commission Business* the interest of those who may employ them, will necessarily be more effectually promoted. Cash liberally advanced on Goods deposited for private or public sale.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON.
HENRY SHAW.
*Newport Sept. 26 1810.*

---

### CRANSTON & SHAW,
*Have for Sale*

5 Hhds. 4th proof Jamaica RUM.
5 Pipes do. Brandy.
35 Bags Coffee.
10 Chests Souchong Tea.
Newport Nov. 24.

---

### TO LET,

THE DWELLING-HOUSE and Garden, situated in Spring-street, owned and occupied by the late John Banister, Esq For further particulars and terms, apply to
CHRISTIANA BANISTER,
JOHN BANISTER.
*Newport, Feb 1.*

---

### *FOR SALE,*

THE DWELLING-HOUSE and a large Lot of Land, situated in Golden-Hill Street, No 4 now occupied by the Subscriber, which for pleasantness of situation is exceeded but by few—If the above House is not sold by the 4th of March next, it will on that day be sold at Public Auction, on the premises—For further particulars apply to
PHINEAS CLARKE
*Newport, Feb 1.*

---

### *CIRCULATING LIBRARY FOR SALE.*

## George Wanton,

HAVING relinquished the CIRCULATING LIBRARY business, offers for Sale his *Newport Circulating Library,* consisting of several hundred Volumes of History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, Novels Romances, Plays, &c. all of which have been read but not much injured and will be sold for less than half their original value.

Persons having in their possession Books loaned from Wanton & Rathbone's, or George Wanton's Circulating Library, are requested to return the same in the course of the ensuing week.

Subscribers to G WANTON's Library, can if they please, complete their term of Subscription at Mr. HAMMOND's Circulating Library,
*Newport, Feb. 1, 1811.*

---

### FINAL NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests all those who have unsettled Accounts, or Notes of hand, to make an immediate adjustment of the same with SHERMAN & LAWTON who are hereby authorized to settle all his unsettled affairs—Notes of hand will be received from those who cannot make it convenient to pay cash. His present arrangements in business imperiously demand the enforcement of this request which he hopes will be complied with in season to prevent the necessity of resorting to more unpleasant methods

JOB SHERMAN.
*Newport, 1st mo 1810*

---

## George Miles,

HAS taken the Southern half of the Fire proof Brick Store, opposite Mr Townsend's Coffee-House, where he offers for sale:

19 half-chests } Bohea *TEAS* of the first
13 quarter-do. } quality for retailing
A few chests Souchong Ditto.
One trunk Gentlemen's Gloves, assorted
A few Piece Goods—*Also*
India Point Gin in Pipes and barrels.
8 hhds Wilmington Tobacco
38 Firkins shipping Butter, and
A small bill of Exchange on LONDON.
Newport, Nov. 16.

---

### *FOR SALE at the Store of*
### J. GOULD & SON.
*No. 176 Thames-Street.*

ELEGANT English and Dutch Broadcloths Cassimeres and Princes Cords.—Also an Assortment of second and low priced Cloths Cassimeres and superb fancy Vestings.

They gratefully acknowledge past favours in the Tayloring line, and hope by unremitting attention to merit a continuance

All those indebted to them by Note or Book Account, are requested to call and settle the same, and all persons having demands against them are requested to call and receive their dues.
*Newport Oct. 19 1810.*

---

### *Frenchtown Catholic Seminary Lottery.*

THE Drawing of the Frenchtown Catholic Seminary LOTTERY, Third Class will positively commence on the first MONDAY of March next. Persons having drawn Tickets in the present Class, and who have neglected taking out the same are hereby requested to call immediately, or they will be sealed up and lodged with the Town-Clerk of this town, for the benefit of those persons only who purchased their Tickets of the Managers, or some person legally authorised by them to sell the same.

PARDON TILLINGHAST, }
THOMAS FRY, } *Managers*
GEORGE CARD, }
*East Greenwich, Dec 12.*

☞ TICKETS in the above Lottery may be had of the Managers, and at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

---

## Albert W. Gardiner,
*No. 102 Thames street.*

HAS received by the latest arrivals at Boston an extensive Assortment of fashionable DRY GOODS, which together with his former Assortment comprises almost every article in demand.—The above Goods were purchased on such terms as enables him to sell them much cheaper than the usual prices.—He returns his sincere thanks to his former customers and solicits a continuance of their favours.
*Newport Dec. 6.*

---

### TO LET,
*And Possession given the 25th of March.*

A FARM containing sixty Acres of excellent Land, with a large Dwelling-House Barn and other out-houses thereon, situated in Middletown, about two miles from Newport—For further particulars and terms, apply to
JOHN WOOD.
*Newport, Dec 6.*

---

### FOR SALE *or* TO LET,

THE Dwelling-House lately owned and occupied by *Christopher Townsend* and is a convenient tenement for one or two families: has a good Garden, a well of water in the House, and a shop adjoining—For terms, apply to Capt *Charles Southworth* or to
WILLIAM MOORE, jun
*Newport, Jan 10*

---

## Stone Cutting.
*At No. 3, Sherman's Wharf.*

WHERE may be had Hearths, Fire Places mantles, jambs, steps, thresholds mantles arches keys, plain and rustic corners, window caps and sills, underpinning and all other stone work for building, executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch by
JAMES STEVENS.

*Also,* Marble and slate Monuments, Tomb and Grave stones, are made and engraved at No 222, Thames street.
*Newport, Oct 4*

---

### NOTICE!

THE Subscriber being duly empowered by the *PROGRESSIVE COMPANY* as their Agent to close all the Notes and accounts of said Company, gives this public Notice to all persons who may be indebted to pay the same within Thirty Days or they will be lodged in the hands of an Attorney and those having demands against the Company to exhibit them to
NATHANIEL SWEET, *Agent.*
*Newport, Feb 9*

---

### NEWPORT HOTEL *for Sale.*

THAT noted and valuable stand for a TAVRN, now occupied by Capt Richard Barker, with the store, stable, coach house &c. all in complete repair, is now offered for sale. Also a Lot of excellent Land containing 4 acres, half a mile from town [illegible] a Garden Lot in Barney street 180 feet [illegible] 48 Possession will be given on the [illegible] October next For further particulars enquire of
JOHN A. COLLINS
Newport, Nov. 9, 1810

---

## Henry Bull & Co.
*No. 78 Thames street.*
*HAVE FOR SALE*

CLEAR and Merchantable pine and spruce Boards: Timber, window frame stuff, spruce and hemlock scanting; 500 000 cedar and pine shingles; cedar clapboards; laths; birch boards, plank and joist, 2¼ and 3 inch pine and spruce plank, suitable for ship building or repairing; an assortment of Nails; Paints of various colours by the keg—Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES wholesale and retail—American manufactured Cotton Yarn and cloth cheaper than at any other store in Newport.—They have now on hand 10 pipes country gin of a superior flavour; 20 bbls. prime Pork; 12 bales upland Cotton; 60 boxes mould candles; 50 do best brown soap; Russia and Ravens Duck by the bolt; Hyson, Hyson-skin and Souchong Tea by the chest, and a few hogsheads retailing molasses All which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms

They likewise inform their friends they transact Auction and Commission business, Every attention will be paid to the interests of their employers, and every favour gratefully acknowledged

N. B. Persons wishing to purchase Lumber by the Cargo may be supplied on the most advantageous terms and shortest notice
*Newport, August 30 1810*

---

### Co-Partnership formed

THE Subscribers having formed a connection in business, under the Firm of

### George W. Martin & Co

Offer their services in transacting Auction and Commission Business—They solicit the patronage of their friends and pledge their best exertions to promote the interests of those who will please to favor them with their commands

GEORGE W. MARTIN.
JOHN H. WHEELWRIGHT.
*Newport, Jan. 4.*

---

### George W. Martin & Co

OFFER at Private Sale at their Store No 62 Thames-street at the head of Scott's Wharf the following Articles on favourable terms viz:—

15 Pipes Cognac Brandy } Of a superior
10 qr. casks Malaga Wine } quality.
5 Hogsheads St. Croix Rum.
1 Pipe Holland's Gin
15 Chests Hyson }
30 do Hyson-skin } *TEAS, of the latest importation.*
55 do. Souchong, }
29 quarter-chests Bohea }
3000 wt. Loaf Sugar.
Boxes Brown Sugars.
1000 wt Ginger & 20 wt. Nutmegs.
Cassia Allspice Pepper and Cloves.
1000 wt. Twine
30 boxes No 1 & 2 Chocolate.
Spermaceti and mould Candies.
60 boxes first quality Raisins.
10 kegs Starch.
100000 best spanish Cigars.
150 Bags and barrels Coffee.
29 Barrels prime Pork.
18 barrels and half-barrels mess Beef.
18 Tons Iron, assorted.—Nail Rods.
1 barrel Pot Ash
10 barrels superfine Flour.
2 boxes superior Mustard.

*A L S O*

Just received direct from Liverpool a few elegant Dining Sets complete and 50 Crates assorted Liverpool Ware.
*Newport Jan 4*

---

### State of Rhode-Island & Providence Plantations.

*In General Assembly October Session A. D. 1810.*

RESOLVED, That Ten Thousand Dollars of said Tax be appropriated to the purchase of the evidences of the registered public debt of this State under the direction and management of Commissioners to be appointed by the General Assembly

*Resolved* That Messrs SAMUEL W. BRIDGHAM JOHN L. BOSS jun. CHARLES BRAYTON and NATHANIEL HAZARD be appointed Commissioners to purchase the said evidences of the said registered public debt, in such way and manner and on such terms as they may think most advantageous to the public interest That said Commissioners give public notice of their appointment in the newspapers, advertising the creditors holding such evidences to send to them, or either of them on or before the first Monday of April next sealed proposals of the terms on which they will sell the same; and that if proposals equally advantageous to the State shall be made for the sale of a greater amount of said debt than can be purchased by the sum hereby appropriated, the amount thereof shall be applied in a ratable proportion to the demands of the several creditors.

*A true Copy*:—
*Witness,* SAMUEL EDDY, *Sec'ry.*

In conformity to the above recited Act, the Commissioners therein appointed will receive from the holders of this state's certificates of registered debt, sealed proposals of the terms on which they will sell the same, and request they may be transmitted (free of postage) to either of us, and directed to said Commissioners, on or before the first Monday of April next, being the time limited by said Act.

SAMUEL W. BRIDGHAM
JOHN L. BOSS jun.
CHARLES BRAYTON
NATHANIEL HAZARD.
*Newport Dec 27 1810.*

---

### NOTICE.

ALL persons who are in any way indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby notified that against such of them as do not settle their respective debts immediately with the Subscriber, he shall be under the necessity however painful of directing suits to be instituted by an Attorney, to the ensuing next May Court
SAMUEL F. GARDNER.
*Newport, Jan 8.*

---

## Ship-Chandlery.

THE Subscribers at their Store on Handy's Wharf, offer for sale, on good terms Bar Rod and Hoop Iron, from 1¼ to 3 inch flat; 5 8, 6-8, 7-8 and inch square—Stoves, Cambooses and Anchors, of various sizes.—Linseed and Lamp Oil, Paints of different colours; Tar Pitch, Turpentine and Rosin; red, white and blue Bunting and ready-made Colours: Sheathing Paper; Spike and Nails assorted; Hooks and Thimbles wood and brass Compasses; Quadrants; Telescopes; Book Charts, &c together with all the articles of Ship Chandlery necessary for the equipment of vessels—Orders from distant customers will meet with due attention—*Also just received* 2500 bushels Bonavista Salt, and 6 Tons Philadelphia Bar Iron
EARL & ALLSTON.
*Newport June 2 1809*

---

## Wm. & H. Moore,
*Have just received and are now Opening at No 99, Thames street*

A New and fresh Assortment of DRY GOODS, of the very last importations and most fashionable Patterns which with their former purchases, renders their stock nearly complete

*A L S O,*
*At their new Brick Store, No. 5, Market square.*

A large stock of Groceries, Hardware, Dry Goods, Ship Chandlery, Country Produce, &c—All which they are determined to sell as cheap and on as good terms as any store in Newport, not even the very cheapest excepted.

The return [illegible] sincere thanks to their [illegible] past favours, [illegible] continuance of their custom
Newport, N[illegible]

---

### Howland & Eddy
*Offer for sale on accommodating terms at No 71 [illegible] Thames street.*

A FEW Hogsheads St. Croix Rum Ten Quarter casks Sherry Wine (superior quality): A few chests Hyson, Hyson-skin and Souchong Teas; A constant supply of Groceries as usual.
*Newport, Sept 14, 1810*

---

### FOR SALE,

A LOT of Land in Washington street directly opposite *William Dennis's* measuring 50 feet front and 100 rear. This Lot is free of quit rent and a warrantee deed will be given.—For further particulars enquire of JAMES TAYLOR or of the subscriber
CHARLES GORTON.
Newport, Nov 6

---

### FOR SALE, or TO LET,
*And possession given the 25th of March.*

A FARM lying in South Kingstown, on Socatucket River, late belonging to Jesse Robinson, deceased, and known by the name of the Allen Farm consisting of about 96 Acres For further particulars and terms, apply to
ROBERT ROBINSON.
*Newport Jan 5*

---

### *FOR SALE,*

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land pleasantly situated in Broad street, No. 7 now occupied by Mr. *Lee.*—For terms &c. apply to
HENRY HUDSON.
*Newport Oct. 5 1810.*

---

### *A FARM FOR SALE.*

THE Subscriber being about to remove, offers for sale his FARM, consisting of about 240 Acres, the greatest part of it being of the first quality of tillage and meadow land in the best state of cultivation, situated in the centre of the town of Little Compton within a few rods of the Meeting-House and Town House—On said Farm are three Dwelling Houses one of which is nearly new, large and well finished, with a Store adjoining and large barn, nearly new, with other out buildings, necessary to a Farm. There is a grist mill, and an excellent orchard on said Farm. Said Farm is well watered in different parts and fenced wholly with stone wall, and divided into Lots from 5 to 10 acres each, and amongst other advantages, said Farm is situated by roads passing it, that nearly every lot opens directly into the public road. It is an excellent situation for any gentleman who wishes to be concerned in trade, as well as farming as the store above mentioned is now and for many years has been occupied in retailing English and West-India Goods to a large amount—Any Gentleman wishing to purchase Real Estate, has seldom an opportunity to invest his property in one so well situated, and with so many advantages appertaining thereto. Possession will be given on the 25th March next, or in one year from that time, as may best suit the purchaser—For further particulars apply to the Subscriber living on the premises
ANDREW TAYLOR
*Little Compton, Jan 21, 1811.*

---

### TAKE NOTICE.

To be sold at Public Auction
*To the highest Bidder on MONDAY the [illegible] day of April next (if fair weather if not the first fair day after) if not previously disposed of at private sale*

THAT large and elegant brick HOUSE situated in Portsmouth on the turnpike road leading from Bristol Ferry to Newport. The House contains 14 rooms and two large Halls, very convenient for parties of pleasure and as dining rooms for large companies. The elevated situation of the House affords a [illegible] prospect and is well calculated [illegible] boarders and an excellent stand [illegible] tavern Terms of payment made easy.

Also will be sold the same day, (if not disposed of before) 30 shares in said Turnpike. For further particulars enquire of [illegible] Newport, or the subscriber [illegible] the premises.
ARTEMAS FISH.
Portsmouth, Jan. 9.